Amendment to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior version and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- (Currently amended) A method of processing a workpiece, the method comprising the steps of:
 - applying a liquid adhesive to a work carrier.
- wherein the work carrier comprises a porous material including a plurality of pores at least a portion of which are interconnected, wherein a portion of the plurality of pores include pore passages that comprise at least 10% of the pore volume, and wherein the pore passages traverse the porous material from a top side to a backside of the work carrier:
 - applying a vacuum pressure to the work carrier,
- wherein the plurality of pores accommodate a portion of the liquefied solid upon application of the vacuum pressure to the work carrier;
 - placing the workpiece in intimate contact with the liquified adhesive;
- hardening the liquefied adhesive while maintaining the vacuum pressure to form a solid adhesive and to secure the workpiece to the work carrier:
- processing the workpiece while holding the workpiece on the work carrier; and
- applying a solvent through the plurality of pores to dissolve the solid adhesive and to release the workpiece from the work carrier.
- 2. (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the work carrier comprises a gas-permeable work carrier.
- 3. (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the solid functions to separate the workpiece and the work carrier.

(Cancelled)

- (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the porous material comprises a ceramic, a glass, a glass ceramic, a metal, a sintered metal, a metal ceramic or a sintered material.
- (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein processing the workpiece comprises thinning the workpiece on the work carrier.
- 7. (Currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the liquified adhesive comprises a material selected from a group consisting of: wax, an epoxy resin, a plastic material, or adhesive on a double-sided adhesive tape.
- 8. (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the workpiece contains a semiconductor material.
- (Currently amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the liquid adhesive fills at least a portion of an intermediate space between the workpiece and the work carrier.
- 10. (Currently amended) A work carrier for processing a workpiece, said work carrier comprising a porous material including a plurality of pores at least a portion of which are interconnected, wherein a portion of the plurality of pores include pore passages that comprise at least 10% of the pore volume, and wherein the pore passages traverse the work carrier from a top side to a rear side of the work carrier, and wherein the plurality of pores are configured to accommodate a portion of a liquefied adhesive upon application of vacuum pressure to the work carrier, the liquefied adhesive configured with a workpiece in intimate contact therewith, and to accommodate the liquefied adhesive upon hardening to a solid adhesive, and to provide for flow of a solvent therethrough to dissolve the solid adhesive.

- 11. (Previously presented) The work carrier as claimed in claim 10, wherein the workpiece comprises a semiconductor wafer, and wherein the diameter of the work carrier is equal to the diameter of the semiconductor wafer.
 - 12. (Cancelled)
 - 13. (Cancelled)
- 14. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein, applying a solvent to release the workpiece from the work carrier comprises penetrating the solvent into passages from a pore or from the plurality of pores through the work carrier up to the liquefied solid.
- 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein releasing the workpiece from the work carrier further comprises releasing the workpiece by generating a positive pressure on a backside of the work carrier.
- 16. (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the porous material comprises a porous material having average pore size of between 20µm and 500µm, and a porosity of between 20% and 50%.
- (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the porous material comprises a porous material having an open porosity of between 10% and 60%.
 - (Cancelled)
- 19. (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the porous material comprises a ceramic material manufactured according to one of German Institute Standard DIN 51056, 1985 or European Standard 623-2, 1992, and wherein the pores are arranged irregularly.

Appl. Ser. No. 10/729,882 Response to Office Action of August 23, 2007 Reply dated October 26, 2007

- (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the porous material comprises a porous material having an average pore size ranging from 50µm to 100µm.
- (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the porous material comprises a porous material having an open porosity of between 20% and 50%.
- (Previously presented) The work carrier as claimed in claim 10, wherein the plurality of pores comprise a branched pore network within the work carrier.
 - 23. (Cancelled)